

Catalytic and Thermal Afterburning Systems, Scrubber



Catalytic afterburning system independent from furnace model for refitting on existing plants

For exhaust gas cleaning, in particular in debinding, Nabertherm offers exhaust gas cleaning systems tailored to the process. The afterburning system is permanently connected to the exhaust gas fitting of the furnace and accordingly integral part of the control system and the safety matrix of the furnace. For existing furnaces, independent exhaust gas cleaning systems are also available that can be separately controlled and operated.

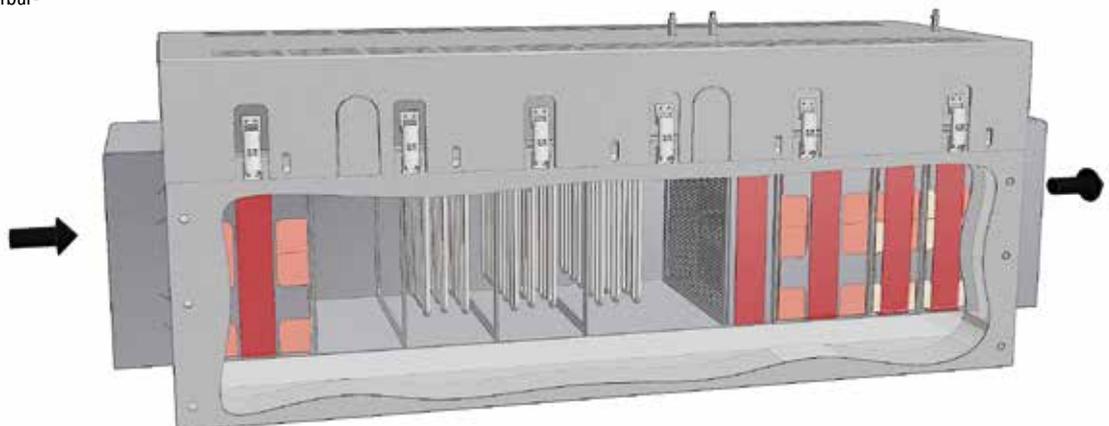
Catalytic afterburning systems (KNV)

Catalytic exhaust cleaning is recommended due to energetic reasons when only pure hydrocarbon compounds must be cleaned during the debinding process in air. They are recommended for small to medium exhaust gas amounts.

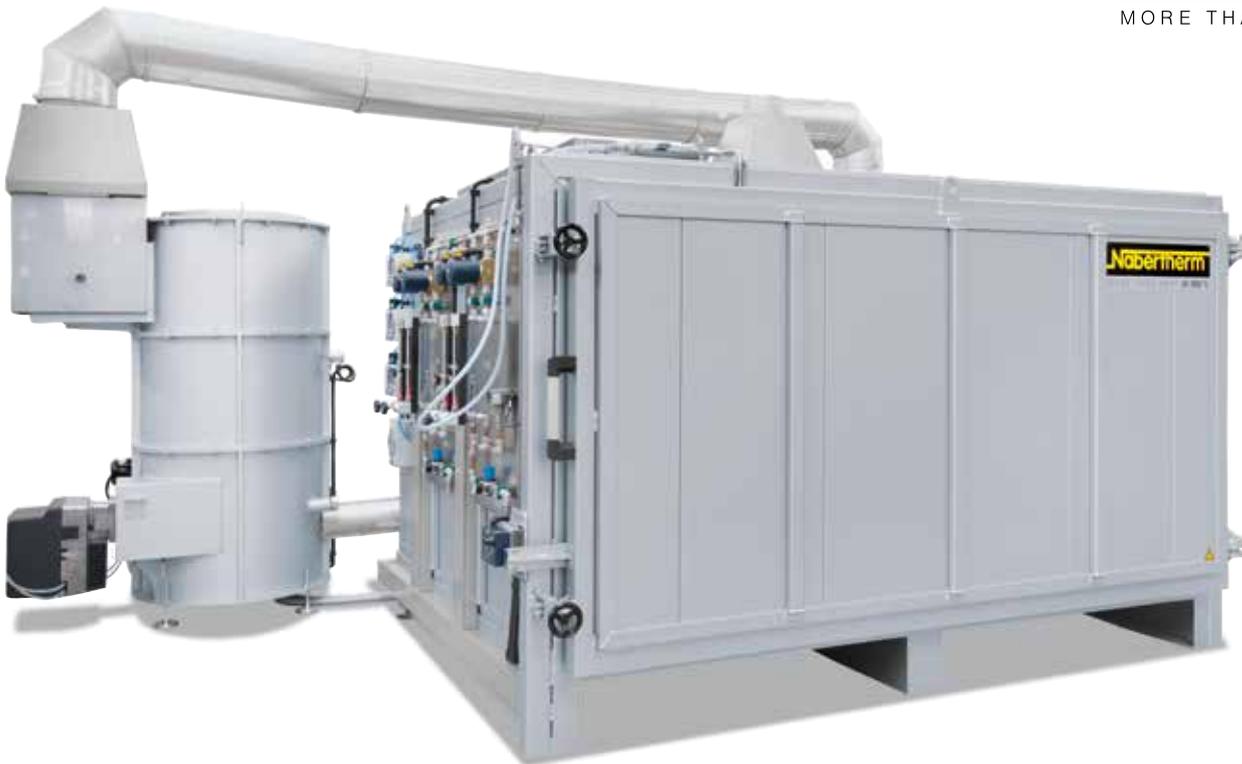
- Perfectly suited for debinding processes in air with only organic exhaust gases
- Decomposition of gases in carbon dioxide and water
- Integrated in a compact stainless steel housing
- Electric heating provides for preheating of the exhaust gas to the optimal reaction temperature for catalytic treatment
- Cleaning in different layers of catalytic honeycombs within the system
- Thermocouples for measuring the temperatures of raw gas, reaction honeycombs and discharge
- Over-temperature limiter with adjustable cutout temperature protects the catalyst
- Tight connection between the exhaust gas outlet of the debinding furnace and the exhaust gas fan with corresponding integration into the overall system with respect to control and safety technology
- Catalyst dimensioned in relation to the exhaust gas flow
- Measuring port for clean gas measurements (FID)



Air circulation chamber furnace NA 500/65 DB200 with catalytic afterburner system.



Scheme of a catalytic afterburning system

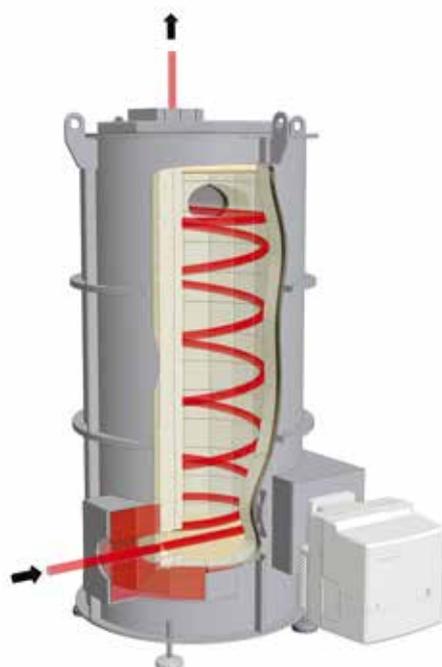


Thermal afterburning systems (TNV)

Thermal afterburning systems are used if large volumes of exhaust gas from the debinding process in air must be cleaned and/or if there is a risk that the exhaust gases might damage the catalyst. Thermal afterburning is also used for debinding applications under non-flammable or flammable protective or reaction gases.

Air circulation chamber furnace N 4000/65 HA IDB with thermal afterburning system

- Optimally suited for debinding processes in air with large exhaust gas flow, erratic large exhaust gas volumes, large volume flow or for debinding processes under non-flammable or flammable protective or reaction gases



- Gas-fired to burn the exhaust gases
- Burn-off at temperatures up to 850 °C provides for thermal decomposition of the exhaust gases
- Heating with compact gas burner with automatic firing device
- Thermocouples in the combustion chamber and in the raw gas inlet
- Over-temperature limiter for protecting the thermal afterburning
- Design depending on the exhaust gas flow
- Measuring port for clean gas measurements (FID)

Scheme of a thermal afterburner system

Scrubber

A scrubber will be often used if the generated gases cannot be effectively treated with a thermal afterburner system or with a torch. To clean, detox or decontaminate the exhaust gas stream a liquid is used to wash or neutralize unwanted pollutants. The scrubber can be adapted to the process by designing its liquid distribution and contact area and by selecting the most suitable washing liquid. Liquids may simply be water or special reagents or even suspensions to successfully remove unwanted gases, liquids or particles from the exhaust gas.



Scrubber to clean generated process gases by washing out